# **Von Willebrand Disease**



# Top tips on how to care for a patient with von Willebrand disease



#### **Acute care**

In case of bleeding events or other conditions requiring acute medical care, **prepare for excessive bleeding and prioritise the bleeding.** 

Ask the patient for their disease type, bleeding history and treatment of choice (or check the **guidelines**<sup>1</sup> if this is not possible).





# **Major surgery**

Increased bleeding risk, so involve a haematologist early, as careful planning is required.

Ensure a haemostasis care plan is in place for the prevention and treatment of bleeding complications; prevention is preferred over treatment of bleeding when it occurs.



# Minor elective surgery & invasive procedures

(e.g. endoscopy, fertility procedures)

The same considerations apply as for major surgery, although antifibrinolytic treatment may be sufficient to manage the bleeding risk.



## **Dental procedures**

Dental procedures require upfront risk assessment and careful planning.

Dental cleaning, fillings, sealants and dental injections are usually not high-risk procedures and can be carried out under antifibrinolytic cover.

Higher-risk procedures (e.g., gum surgery or dental extractions) require local measures and/or systemic treatment, and post-operative instructions.



### **Pregnancy & delivery**

Pregnant patients should be followed up in a high-risk antenatal clinic.

**Pregnancy can increase VWF levels,** but if the natural increase is insufficient, additional treatment is required for delivery.



### **Concomitant medication**

Before starting any new medication, **check for a potential impact on clotting** and discuss the individual risk-benefit profile with a haematologist.

**NSAIDs and aspirin** are relatively contraindicated; paracetamol and COX-2 inhibitors can be used for pain relief.



#### Day-to-day care

Common symptoms like nosebleeds and heavy menstrual bleeding are treatable.

A multidisciplinary approach is required to improve patients' quality of life.



Go to HEMOSTASISCONNECT.COR2ED.COM for more information and resources on von Willebrand disease

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Connell NT, et al. Blood Adv 2021;5:301–25